

A partial suppression of the
menses, ~~which~~ is sometimes the case
of Pethora give first an emetic
effect
and then a laxative then to
strengthen by bark, if not bitter
of Gentian &c gently some
gentle laxative, to be continued
some months and occasionally
change the Medicine and every
2 or 3 weeks an emetic power
is very necessary, Matrimony
face flushed from loin and back
the first to be done is bleeding
as near the time the ought to
measurately, warm bath & once
a gage applied to rarely, send
ca 3 or 4 oz of in decoction in
a day, black belladonna, Menor
rhagia, occur in two causes and
two causes, one too much eating
animal, and no exercise, take
place in a relaxed system
treatment pethora leprous and like
exercising a little effect and then
some astringent, decoction of coffee
1 dr belladonna 12 drs. water

His menses have sometime a pain
relieve sometime a grippe
the best is warm bath or fomenta-
tions, are sometime of its own
accord the when the menses is
about to depart bleed occasionally
give exercise, little animal food
Diseas of organ of generation if
the labia are sometimes elongated
beyond the pubis

of the Myrmphae which have been as
long as a child's head if it should
be too large it will be necessary to
practise them - sometimes it is
closed at birth, if inconvenient at
menstruation, it is best to open it by the
finger or probe - of Celiacation

Of Inflammation of calo or difficult
labour, intense edemp and pain at
copay - suspense by a warm mean with
leeches in one spot - poultices
lactatin medicin and vegetable
food, and with a state of heat
most particularly attended to
It may rarely happens that the peri-
tonium is lacerated but now

time or just touched or head pap-
les though to speedily -
If the a probe pass in a straight line
into the bladder, but if there be much
interruption it may be considered
to be a Male
of the Clitoris

If the Heymen requires to be operated upon it ought to be cut several times and lint so placed between the excised parts to prevent a union ~~from others~~. Please
to wait for

Of the vagina, diseases such as syphilis and diphtheria in case when the vagina is infected in the course of pregnancy, can have been transmitted when the fetus was receiving the infection.

Uterus and vagina are both subject to Leucorrhœa or ~~the~~ flour Albus is the most frequent disease of which the female is subject those who have had frequent miscarriage are most subject to it with irregular menstruation and in children it probably arises from the uterus, the most common place of its rise is the internal membrane of the vagina - or ~~area~~ is sometimes difficult to distinguish it from Gonorrhœa but this is known by no pain at passing - Treatment

Tonics & Stimulants - with a decoction of 1 dr Camp in a pint of White Oak bark - Emetics once twice a week have been recommended, and after while a laxative every week

Recd at ^{soon} 2 of Sles & gr Spon
1/2 gr this taken until the disease is cured - Cinchonides in fine powder have been given in the form of a Liniment - Frict Cey 2 dr with 6 oz water & table spoonful

2 or 3 days and increased will be
reduced in the 24 hours &c
It sometimes goes so far as to have the
appearance of a large uterus
protruding, every thing that relaxes
the Bands & muscles as carrying
burden &c are said to induce
the complaint, those subject to
prolapsus uteri as subject to this
Disease - in prolapsus uteri we
ought to endeavour to reduce it and
attenuate to the general system &c
When it happens early in pregnancy there
is generally no danger

Inversion of the uterus from too great
& force in bringing down the pla-
centa or the ~~weight~~ weight of a Poly-
pus - the uterus sometimes inverted
entirely after labour -

The uterus is subject to scirrhous
cancer and chilagras and often com-
pounded with Leucorrhœa on
account of the discharge - backs
given gentle laxative preparation
of Truor found to be very good
Hydrocephalic to guard water for a
relief

Dropsey of the Uterus very seldom happens
but Hernia we are to endeavour to return
the parts &c

The Corroding Ulcer of the Uterus
occurs about the time the Men-
sies Cease, and gives appearance
between the Bleeding of the Cancer

Conception &c
Structure of the Ovum which exist in Birds
and Animal as well as in the Human Kind
and is a Structure of which the young are
furnished and comes from Ovarium

The placenta is a triangular gland
to which the vessels from every胎子
has its own Placenta and is about an
inch in thickness about a span in
length. Poor we force to bring a
bility the Placenta until the seconda
ry pains come on - it is considered
to be the medium of communication
between the fetus and the Mother

The naval string is of an artery and
2 veins &c - About the 6 weeks it
is about an ~~inch long~~
The Cause of the first breathing is the
air crossing the face and by the symph-
ysis to the Diaphragm and therfore will
lead to action &c

Inhibition of the Fetus which is from
the Mother and part from the Umbili-
cal chord, the placenta receives from
the Uterus which it communicates to
to the Fetus, no immediate or direct
communication between the Mother and Child
the Uterus is not the only place that the
Fetus can be informed, as following
tubs are And when it is formed
in those situations it is Cal-
led extra Uterine Pregnancy -

These cases are often very
trouble-some - and demand
great much care and attention
from the physician as well as
from the female and her
attendants - When portions
of the ^{Placenta} ~~Fetus~~ have been left in
the Uterus it generally produ-
ces a small and continual
hemorrhage this may be on

by relieved by the applica-
tion of cold to the abdomen
and by the introduction of
the hand into the cavity
of the uterus and there to re-
main until contractions of
the fibres of the uterus occurr.

signs of Pregnancy ongoing after a
Cetral Kind of food as bread &c
The Obstruction of the Menses

Some women have some peculiar
such as decay'd teeth - coughing or
clenching of the face

When the swelling of the intestines
causes much pain the best is to
wash away a little blood and
giving an Anodyne a Lander
rum in Flat Leaf Tea &c

Quickening about the fifteenth
week and at this time sometimes a
few drops of blood comes from
the uterus which is the time the
fetus ascends from the peritoneum
to the cavity of the abdomen
sometimes however it gives

Amela Emetic this Rhubarb &
and Magnesia combined sometime
with laxative will prevent the
above as the Sulphate Magnesia
is as follows Calc M 13
St Cinnamon 14 **3**
etqua impia Ammonia 13
Aqua pura 3 **v**

Counteraction very common about the
3 month and at the latter part of
labour this must be prevented
the laxative taken occasion
ally

The piles a troublesome attendant
on pregnancy. Some recommend
warm applications others a cold

But no violence is to be used
by means of pulling at the
Chorda or endeavouuring to
dislodge the retained portion
of the placenta as that would
inevitably lead to a worse
affection namely. ~~except~~

sive hemorrhage —

After pains, seldom occur
so severe as at the first la-
bour as it does at the subse-
quent ones — they are owing
to the irregular contrac-
tion of the ~~uterus~~ fibres of the
uterus — Consequently when
they ~~do~~ occur hemorrhage
is not so much to be feared.

Hemorrhage is owing to the
want of a contractile power
in the fibres of the uterus
~~and~~ or ~~attention~~ ^{or} to a
contraction ~~and~~ ^{or} laceration
of the placenta —

Duty of the Physician in a case of Obstetrics

So many circumstances usually occur, varying in many respects, that it is almost impossible to define the duty of a physician when called to an ^{office} charge the ~~case~~ ^{case} of ~~obstetrical~~ accouchement. We may, however, lay down some general rules which, if attended to, will be found of service to the young practitioner —

When a lady shall have signified her intention of having you as her attendant

It would be right to call
upon or see to see her oc-
casionally, and prescribe,
~~tonic~~ ~~any~~ when recep-
ting, ~~the following~~ ~~any~~ ~~any~~
~~tonic~~ with a view to relieve
any urgent symptoms.

An idea is very common be-
tween females, that during
parturition they should be
frequently bled, they may
in this respect, be generally
indulged, when no circum-
stances shall contraindi-
cate it, ~~and~~ but should
always be ordered when
ever it shall be demand-
ed by any circumstance

Postures - likewise, a very
uncommon occurrence in pregnancy, should be abated,
particularly if it happens
during the eighth or ninth
months - this to be done by
some mild laxatives as
Magnesia - Rhubarb Supper
Tinct: of Sassafras &c -

Paroxysms - and morning sickness
will be relieved by Magnesia
laxatives of a mild
nature, light diet and
proper exercise in the open
air - the morning sickness
will often be relieved by tak-
ing a cup of warm coffee
in bed; females generally
in this case crave for what
is ^{be} of service to them.

Such as Antacids as
Chalk, Magnesia &c-
Hiccough, do not often prove
very troublesome and if
they do - they may be lessened
by taking some of the vegeta-
ble acids as Lemongrass -
Tooth-Ache is frequently very
troublesome to the particular
female, and when it is still
worse, there is seldom any
advantage & convenience
any application - even the
extraction of the effected
tooth does not always prove
a cure, for the part or some
other one or more of the teeth
will often then give as
much uneasiness & ~~pain~~

as the one extracted had
done - And the poor female,
is doomed to bear the bur-
den a anguish, of that, above
all, divided torment and
bitterness complaint, until
relieved by delivery --

The period of quickening is
often prove~~s~~ ^{to} a trying, trou-
bling at least, great auxi-
lity and uneasiness to the
female with child for the
first time, - bringing
on some pain and uneas-
iness -

It however is only the de-
fault of nature and it very
little can ever be effected
by the physician, while

it be to assure her that
it is only what is always
to be expected of persons
in her situation, which
~~from~~ ^{from} an intelligent person -
will always prove a last-
ing balm to the troub-
bled mind -

It will be proper here to
mention, that this should
always be full evidence
to assure the female, that
she is in the family way, -
should there be any doubt
entertained in regard to
this matter, persons however
who have been known to
receive themselves ~~as~~ their
friends, and ^{as} your ^{! their} friend

physician in regard to this matter supposing it to have taken place, when in fact it was nothing more than wind,

The most prominent symptoms of this usually being the period of quickening are such as

Its occurring at or about the 15th week of the supposed pregnancy -

The enlargement of the abdomen rising higher toward the thorax

The ~~swell~~ eye-lids swelled up with a dark circle and more especially the lower ones

- The Countenance becoming ~~sharp~~ nervous and of a falcon hue -
- The features ~~sharp~~ of the face sharp and prominent -
- ~~The~~ Pain also ~~sharper~~ in the left shoulder blade is often common to person in this state
- An interruption of the Catamenial discharge without ~~any~~ preceding any of the usual concomitance of such an occurrence - This not to be depended on

unseen in connection with
other symptoms — as before
mentioned —

An enlargement of the nose
me — ~~toh~~ with tender-
ness of the nipple and its
being surrounded by
an areola of a dark
~~blue~~ ~~blue~~ color —

— Frequently ^{there is} an intoler-
able itching of the perineum
and the ~~the~~ ~~the~~ neighbouring
parts — without any known
cause —

Pains in the legs and par-
ticularly in the thighs

attended with swelling
of the feet and ankles -

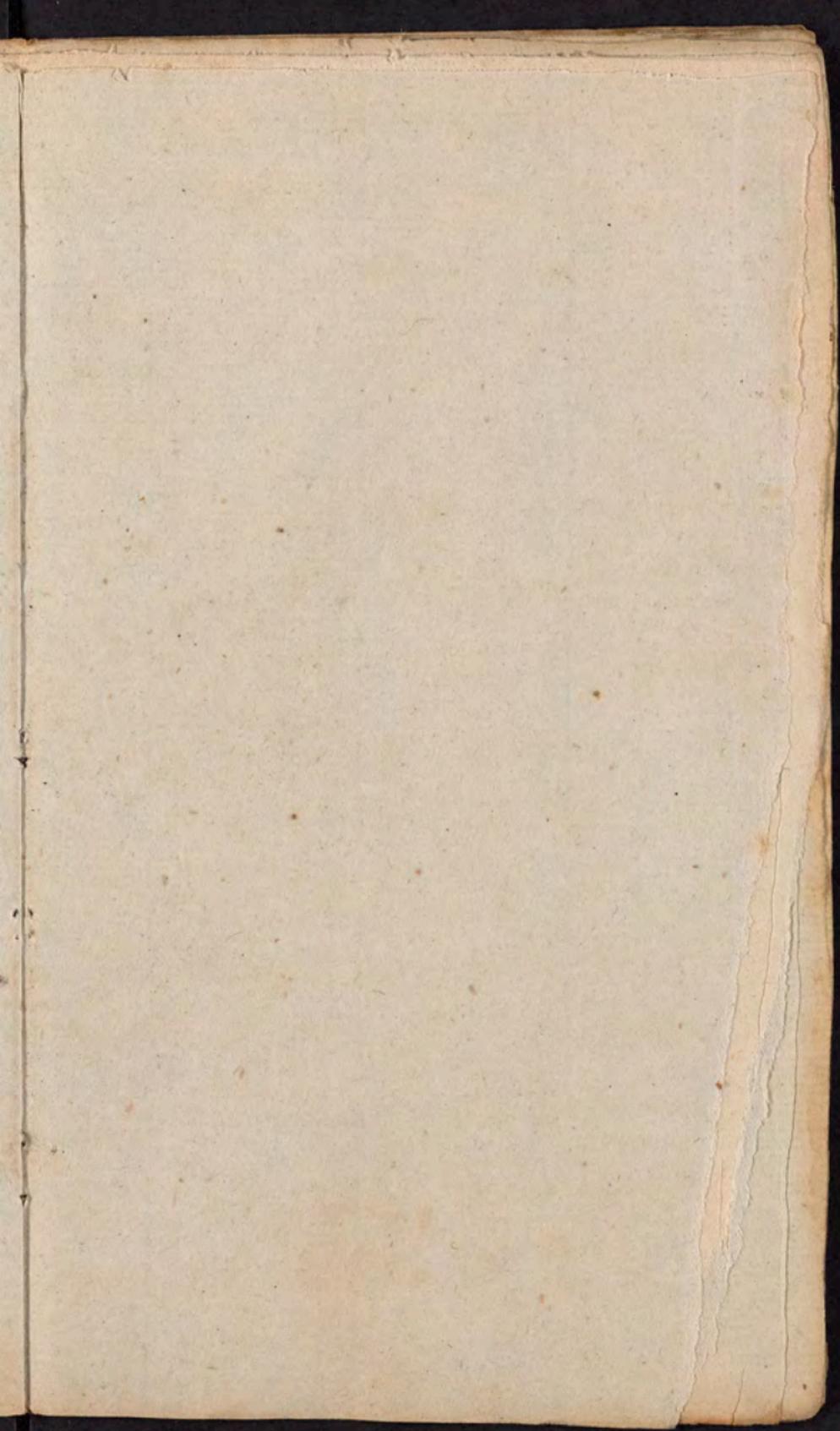
- A longing after and ~~not~~
formerly liked - And a
peculiar desire for earthy
substances as clay - chalk
etc - are all symptoms
of this disease (if so called)
and if occurring at the same
time may generally be re-
lied on as sufficient
to warrant a prognostica-
tion

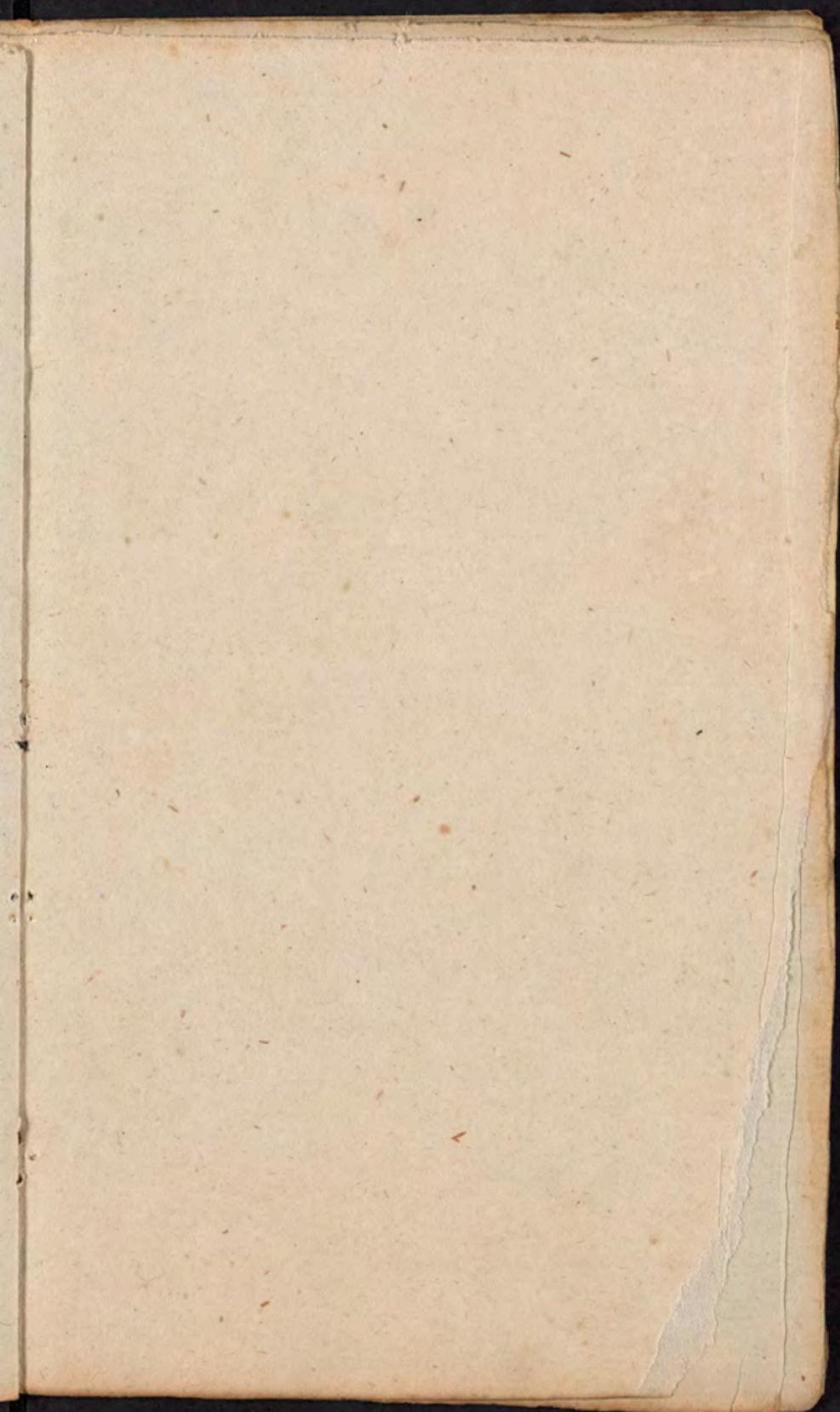
They do not however all
occur in the same female,
generally speaking, but

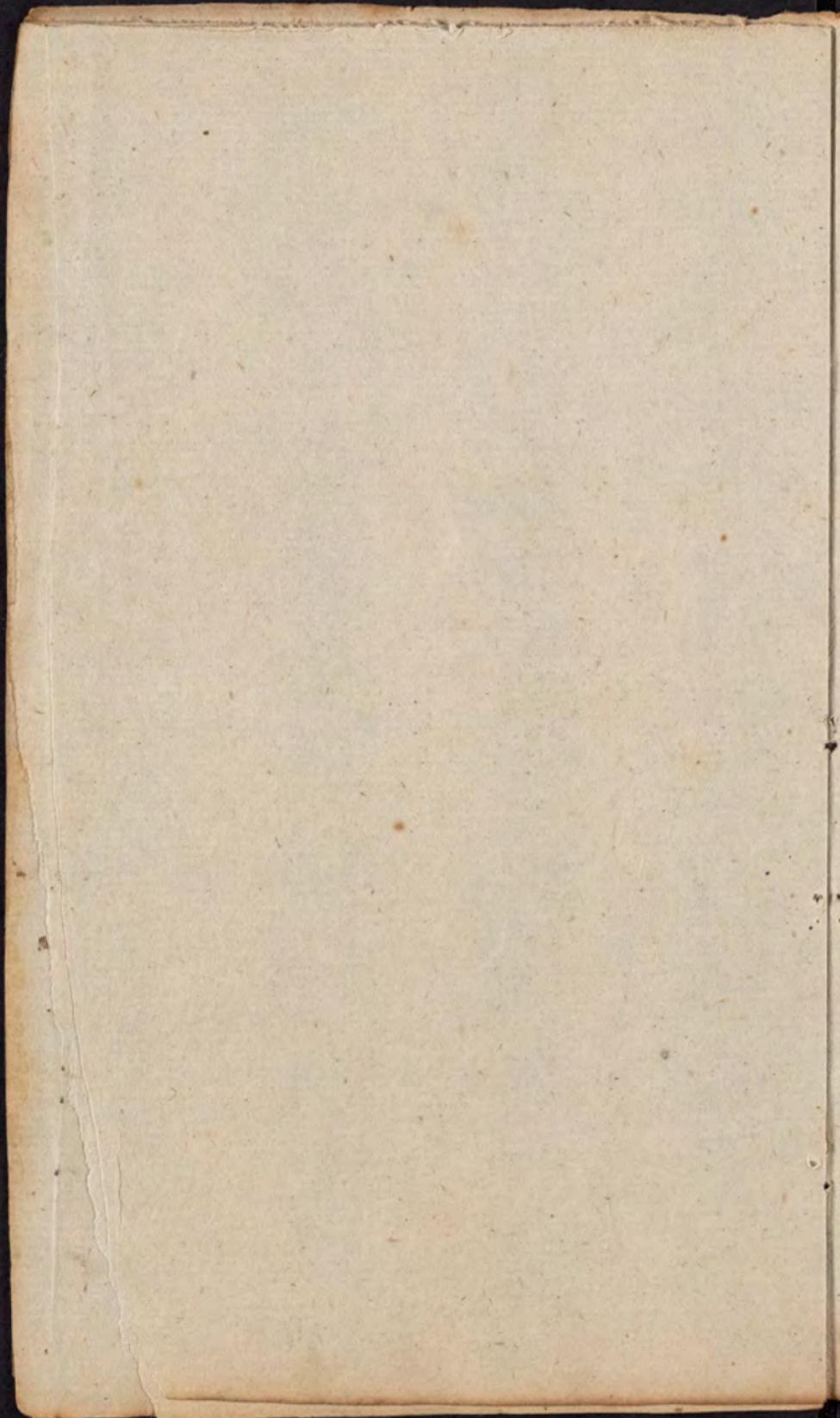
without a proportionate
number of them, it will
be found impudicous
to give any decisive opini-
on -

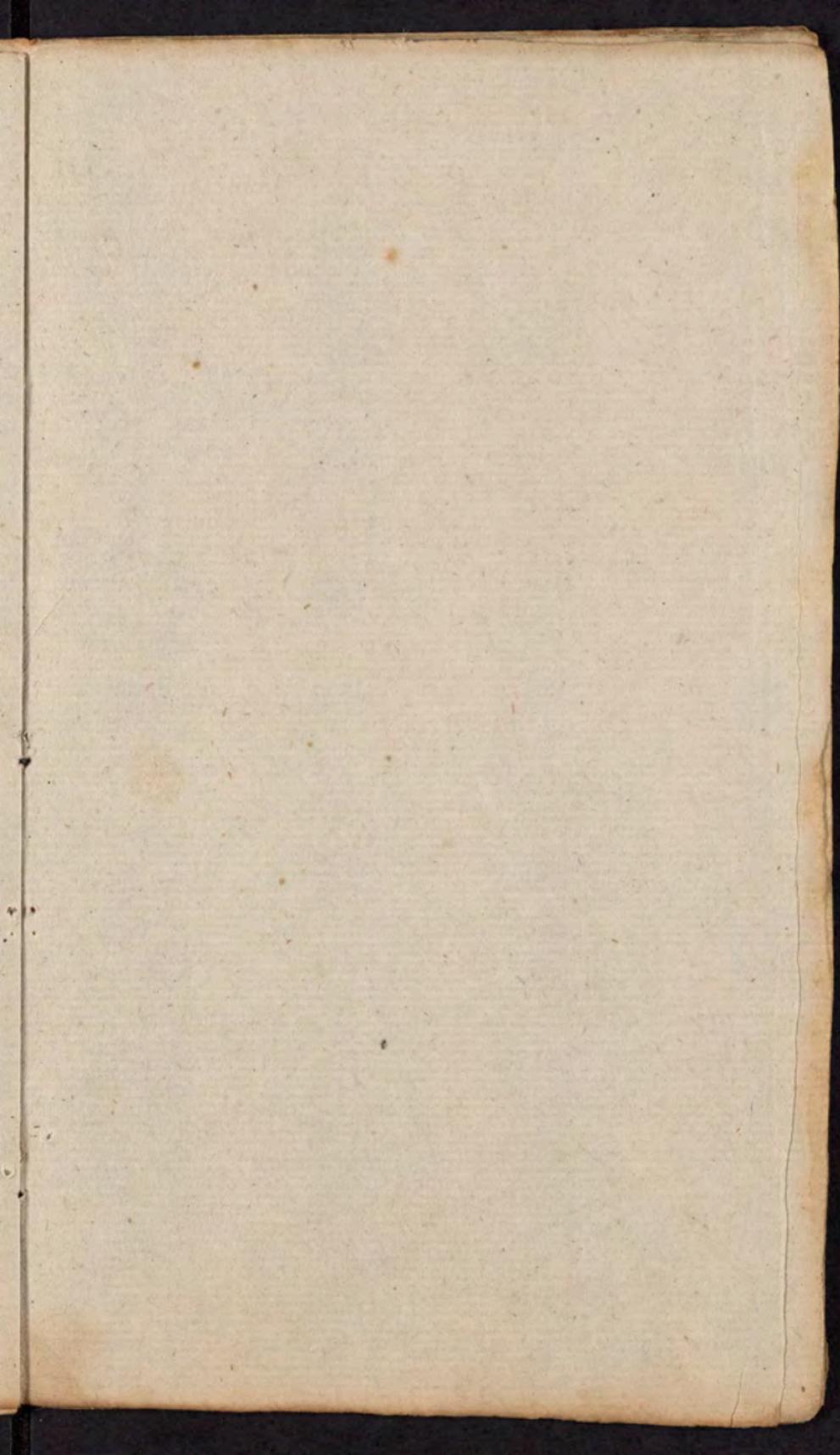
As the ~~above~~ decisions
of the physician in these
cases always are of im-
portance - either rais-
ing him high in general
estimate and command-
ing confidence in him
or condemning him as
one unacquainted with
his profession, and conse-
quently he is neglected
or else despised

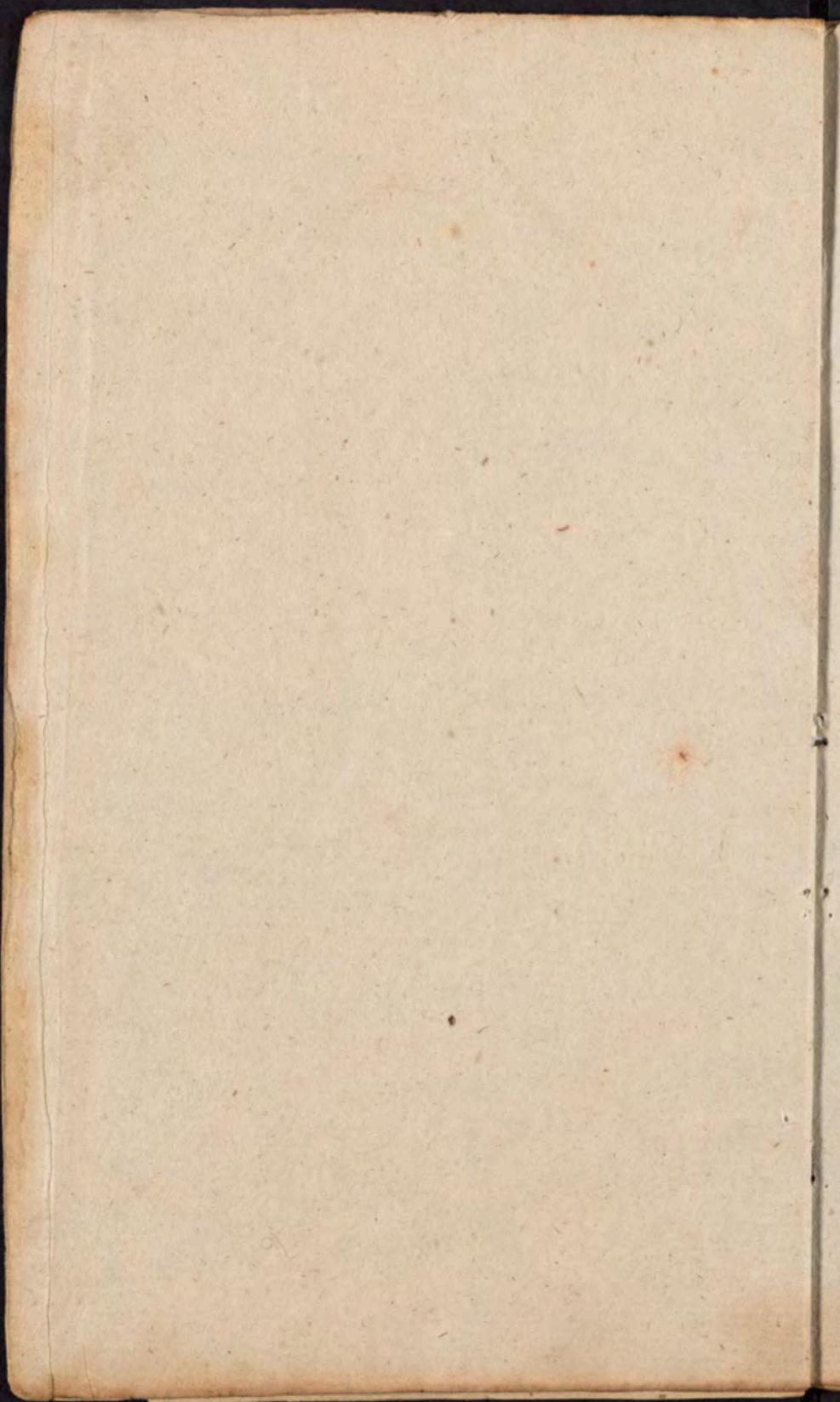
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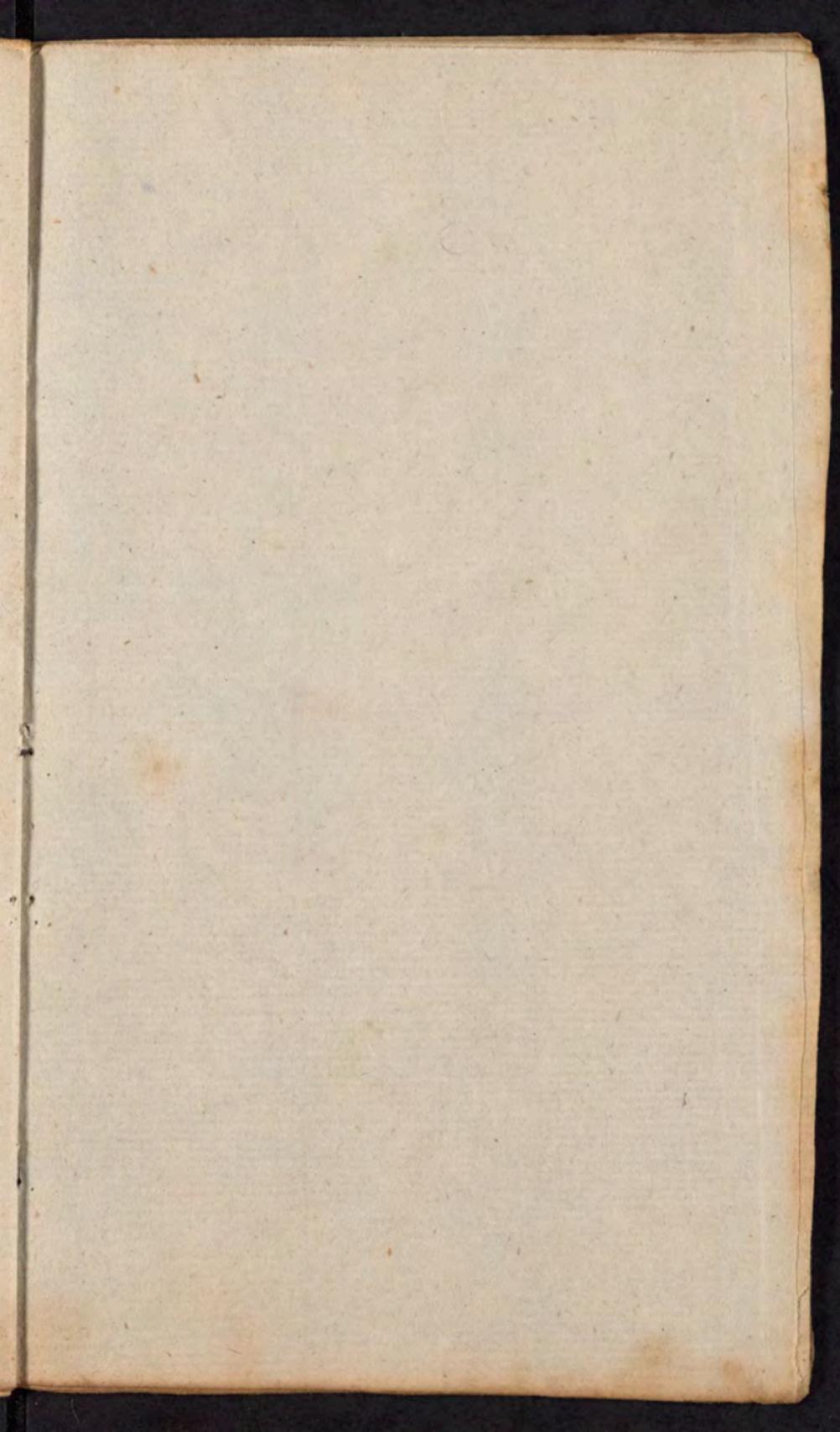


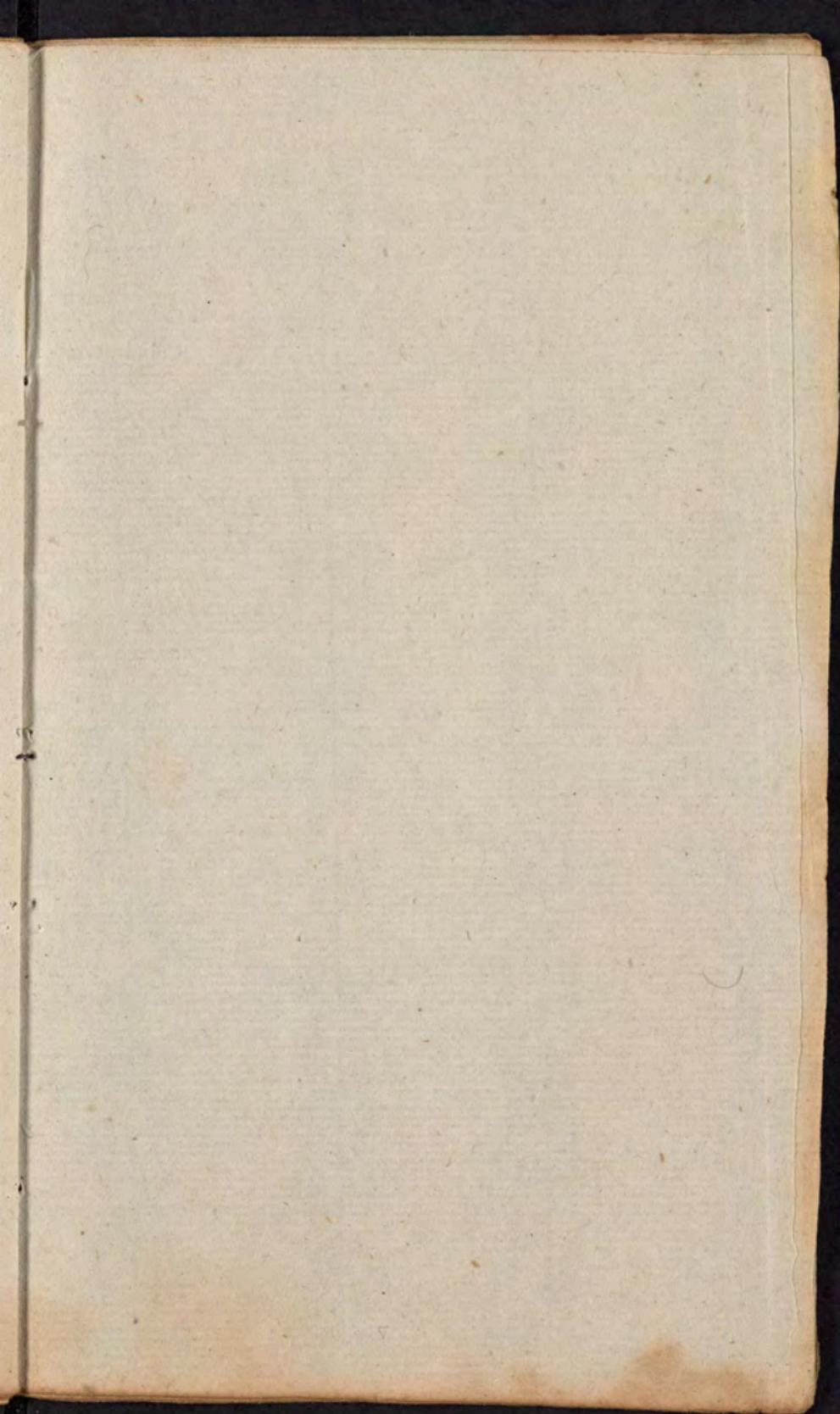


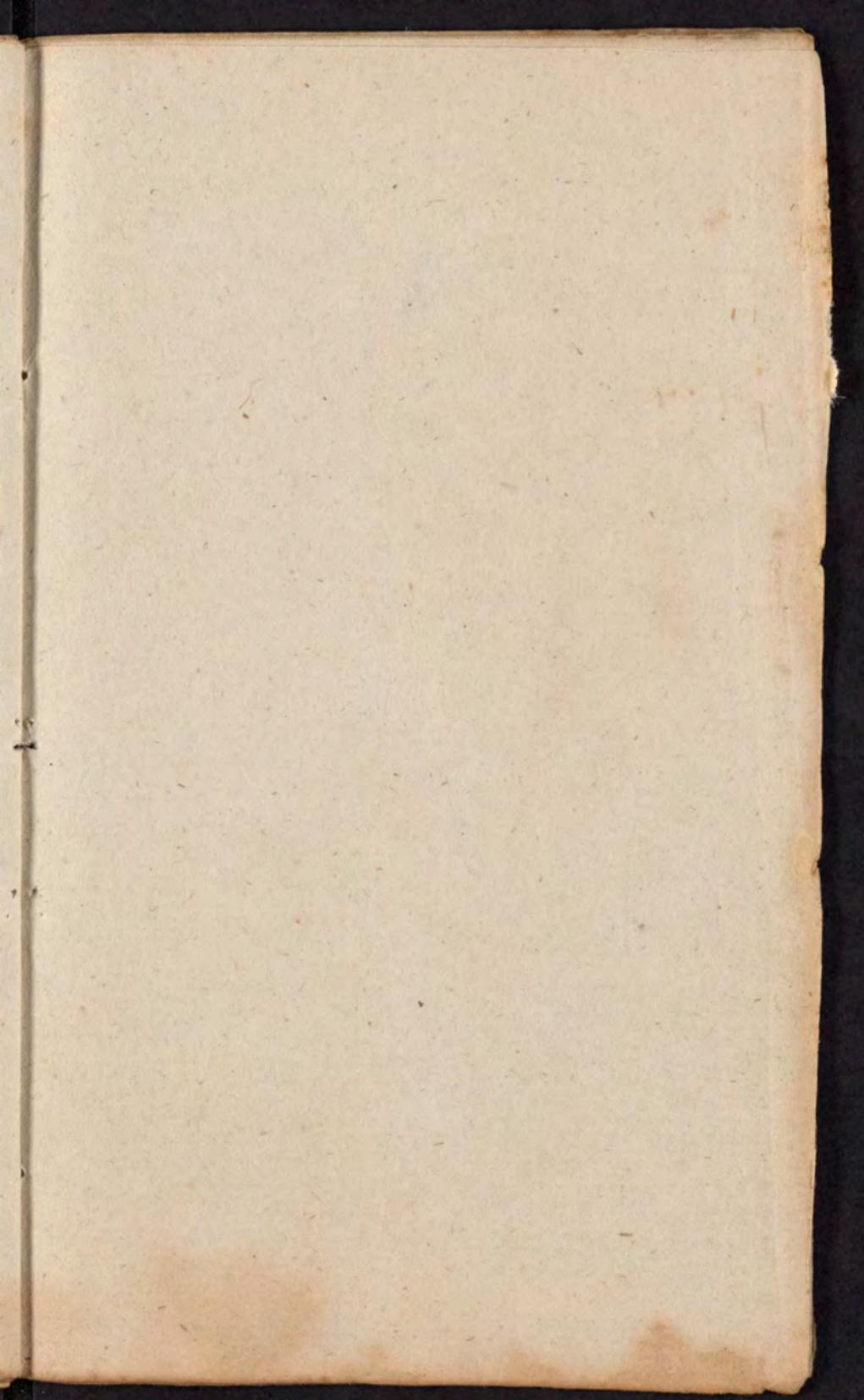


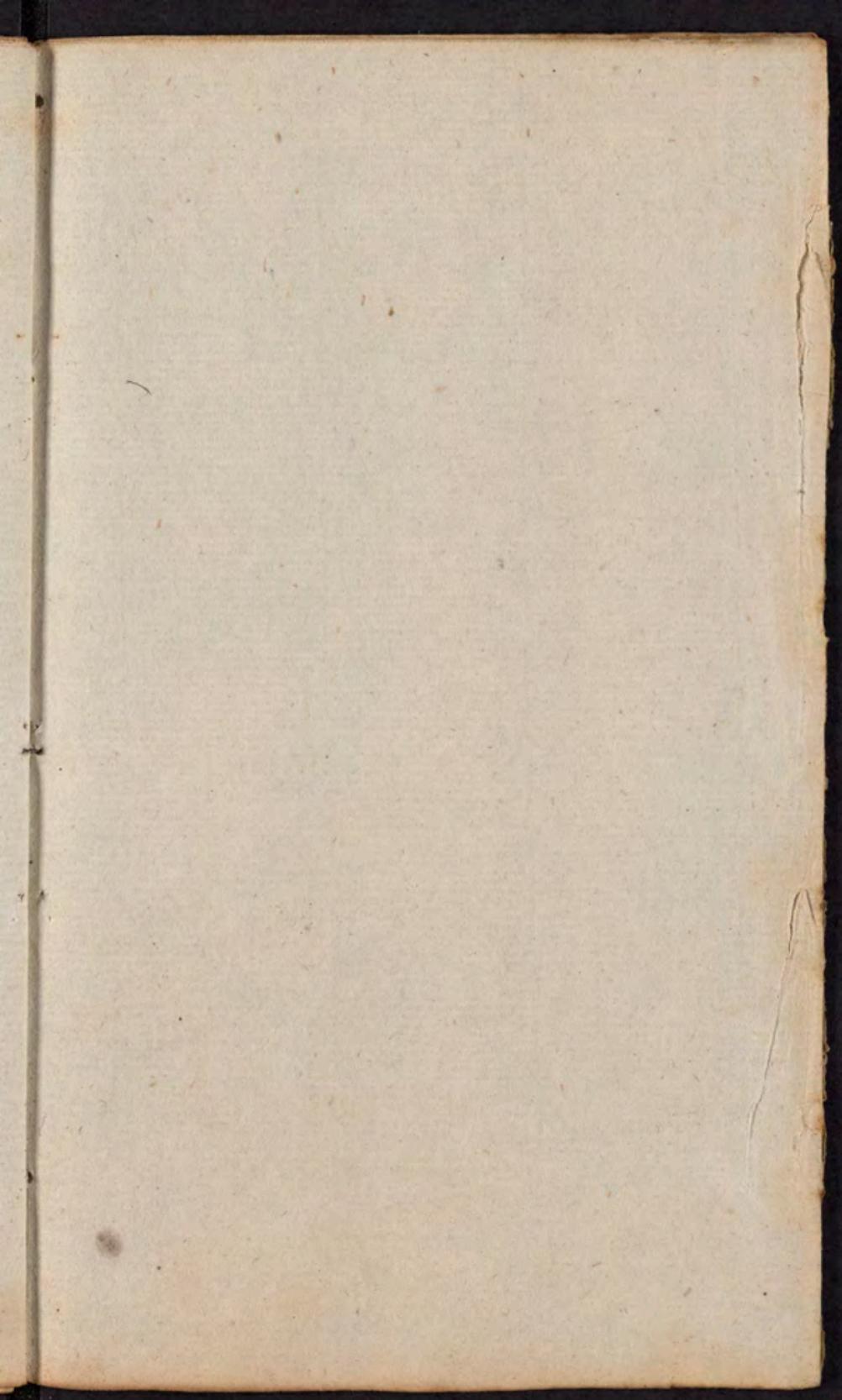


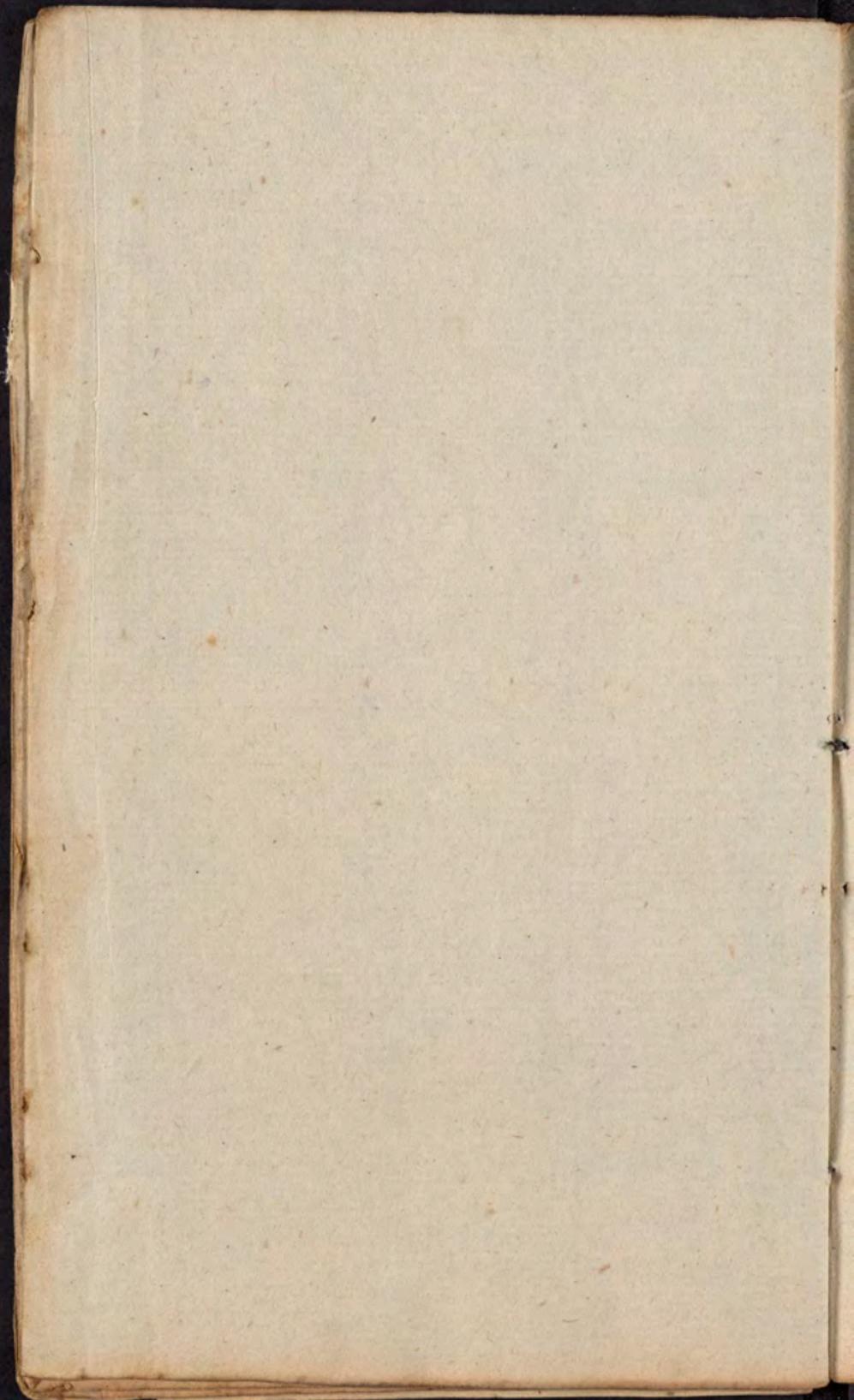


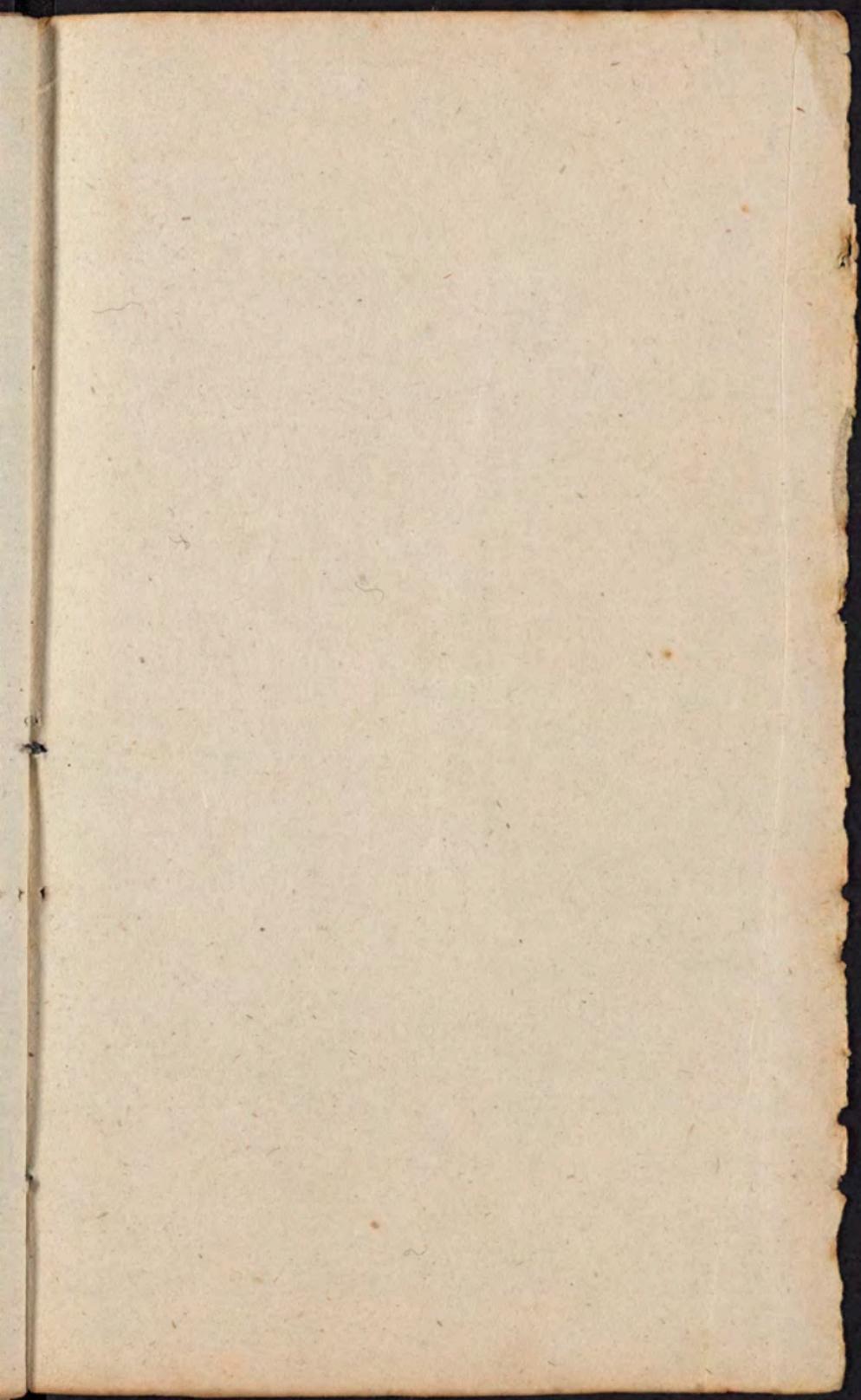












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